

# Economic Resistance Guide

Practical Strategies for Financial Disruption and Sovereign Survival Under Authoritarian Governance





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This guide provides an expanded strategic framework and an arsenal of actionable methodologies for engaging in economic resistance against authoritarian, fascist-leaning, and structurally oppressive regimes. Informed by a spectrum of recent global case studies, including but not limited to Iran, Myanmar, Ukraine, and racial justice uprisings in the United States, this edition has been adapted specifically for the evolving 2025 North American sociopolitical context. It aims to equip individuals, collectives, cooperatives, and resilient networks with resource-conscious, legally astute, and strategically scalable methods of economic resistance and community self-determination.

## Section I. Introduction

Economic resistance is the practice of strategically withdrawing, rerouting, or weaponizing financial and labor power to directly contest and undermine unjust state or corporate authority. As representative governance falters and judicial protections are eroded, the refusal to economically cooperate with repressive institutions becomes a foundational act of survival and defiance. This guide embraces economic resistance as both a moral imperative and a pragmatic toolkit for reasserting communal autonomy.

Economic resistance is a process of material reorientation. It demands a reassessment of where capital flows, how labor is leveraged, and what infrastructures are co-opted or contested. Resistance does not have to be large-scale or immediate to be effective; sustained micro-resistance when coordinated and consistent can fracture even the most entrenched financial pipelines.

## Section II. Principles of Economic Resistance

**Purpose** To articulate the foundational values, tactical methodologies, and scalable philosophies that drive movements for economic resistance. These principles serve as a conceptual backbone and tactical blueprint for systematically withdrawing consent from authoritarian economic systems and constructing emancipatory alternatives rooted in solidarity, autonomy, and mutual care.

Economic resistance is more than rejection, it is redirection. It is the deliberate refusal to support structures that exploit, and the intentional creation of resilient, community-rooted systems that nourish. These principles offer both offense and defense: strategies for weakening the state-corporate machine while simultaneously empowering people with tools to build and protect sovereign economies.

Economic resistance lives in every transaction we withhold, every fund we reroute, every tool we anonymize, and every skill we share. These principles are dynamic: adaptable to context, scalable in scope, and potent when practiced collectively. Together, they form the living architecture of liberation from economic domination and the birth of new systems designed in our image.



## 1. Non-Cooperation

Strategic disengagement from systems, institutions, and financial relationships that uphold authoritarianism, surveillance, and systemic inequality.

- **Examples:**

- Businesses and freelancers refusing contracts with militarized police or federal surveillance agencies.
- Artists and creators withdrawing work from state-funded cultural institutions in protest.
- Workers refusing overtime labor for companies lobbying for anti-trans or anti-immigrant policies.

- **Tactics:**

- Mass walkouts during strategic corporate events or contract cycles.
- Mass unsubscribing from state-aligned services or media platforms.
- Disruption of bureaucratic systems by non-participation (e.g., refusing census cooperation, skipping ID verification).

- **Extended Strategies:**

- Parallel service development to fill voids left by withdrawal (e.g., free community rideshare apps replacing Uber in boycott zones).

- **Goal:** Erode the regime's reliability on passive cooperation, making authoritarianism increasingly expensive and unstable to sustain.

## 2. Mutual Aid and Cooperative Economies

Interlocking systems of community-based support designed to meet material needs while building long-term resilience and economic sovereignty.

- **Examples:**

- Neighborhood-based emergency funds for displaced individuals.
- Mobile co-ops providing trans-affirming services in hostile jurisdictions.
- Radical food banks run by undocumented or queer-led collectives.

- **Structures:**

- Open-source co-op templates for quick replication.
- Federation of solidarity economies using shared value frameworks.
- Non-monetary credit networks for reciprocal labor and resource exchange.

- **Tactics:**

- Prefigurative practice—living the economy we want to see through daily interaction.
- Cooperative ownership of land, housing, vehicles, and healthcare infrastructure.



- Conflict mediation and community governance embedded into economic practice.
- Goal: Create economies where survival is not contingent on exploitation, criminalization, or compliance.

### 3. Targeted Divestment

The intentional redirection of financial flows away from institutions that support oppression, and toward values-aligned alternatives.

- **Targets:**
  - Insurance companies underwriting pipelines or ICE detention centers.
  - Foundations investing in real estate speculation or gentrification projects.
  - Banks that fund anti-labor union busting campaigns.
- **Tactics:**
  - Coordinated institutional pressure (e.g., university endowment divestment coalitions).
  - Public ranking systems for divestment targets.
  - Creating “no-buy zones” for products linked to specific injustices.
- **Amplification Tactics:**
  - Media exposure and social campaigns that link household spending to political violence.
  - Community economic summits to educate and reorganize purchasing power collectively.
- Goal: Undermine the financial architecture of authoritarian regimes while cultivating capital flows toward movement-led infrastructure.

### 4. Financial Anonymity

A suite of tools, behaviors, and technologies used to obscure financial identity, evade state surveillance, and prevent asset tracking or targeting.

- **Tools:**
  - Self-custodial wallets using privacy layers (e.g., Wasabi Wallet, Samourai).
  - Transaction mixing protocols and stealth address generators.
  - Anonymous cash voucher systems, phone-based private remittance apps.
- **Practices:**
  - Conducting high-risk purchases via burner wallets.
  - Avoiding facial recognition ATM use and biometric logins.
  - Regularly rotating identities and pseudonyms tied to online or mobile financial activity.
- **Operational Models:**
  - Creating privacy collectives to assist with onboarding and operational security.



- Community education on navigating gray-legal financial tools without risk exposure.
- Goal: Build financial opacity into movement infrastructure, minimizing risk while maximizing economic flexibility.

## 5. Community Education

Ongoing political education focused on developing community expertise in economic autonomy, resistance logistics, legal resilience, and cooperative economics.

- **Curriculum Elements:**
  - Anti-capitalist economic theory and direct applications.
  - Participatory budgeting, income-sharing collectives, and land trust formation.
  - How to build shadow economies and transition them into stability.
  - History of economic resistance in Black, Indigenous, immigrant, and trans communities.
- **Formats:**
  - Interactive toolkits, annotated code libraries for decentralized commerce platforms.
  - Traveling workshops, popular education tours, prison letter courses.
  - “Hack the State” bootcamps for dismantling exploitative structures through legal, digital, and economic resistance.
- **Reinforcements:**
  - Peer-led mentorship networks.
  - Community feedback loops for co-developing economic projects.
  - Safety planning embedded into all resource literacy training.
- Goal: Develop distributed competence in economic resistance so no movement relies on a single node, person, or organization for knowledge or security.



## Section III. Recent Case Studies and Applications

### 1. Iran (2022–2024):

- **Tactic:** Nationwide, women-led economic boycotts targeting regime-subsidized industries including cosmetics, fashion, and mobile telecoms.
- **Outcome:** Tangible revenue declines in critical economic sectors, international visibility of internal dissent, and grassroots mobilization despite brutal state retaliation.
- **Relevance:** A model for U.S. communities resisting gendered state violence or economic persecution via collective economic disengagement.

### 2. Myanmar (Post-Coup 2021):

- **Tactic:** Coordinated general strikes across government and private sectors, cryptocurrency-based aid distribution, and sabotage of state-run financial infrastructure.
- **Outcome:** Widespread operational paralysis of the junta, development of peer-to-peer logistics and digital solidarity networks.
- **Relevance:** Demonstrates how tech-enabled financial resistance can sustain dissent under militarized repression.

### 3. Ukraine (2022–Present):

- **Tactic:** Global diasporic fundraising, localized decentralized procurement, and crypto-financed military and humanitarian logistics.
- **Outcome:** Maintenance of defensive capabilities in the face of state collapse and geopolitical aggression; emergence of new models for crowd-financed resistance.
- **Relevance:** Offers precedent for digital and international economic solidarity with oppressed populations.

### 4. United States (2020–2023):

- **Tactic:** Movements like "Bank Black" and divestment campaigns targeting fossil fuel companies, private prisons, and police union-associated institutions.
- **Outcome:** Hundreds of millions in redirected capital, increased capitalization of black-owned banks and CDFIs (Community Development Financial Institutions).
- **Relevance:** Illustrates the cumulative power of targeted divestment and reinvestment within marginalized communities.

### 5. Palestine (Ongoing):

- **Tactic:** Global Boycott, Divestment, Sanctions (BDS) movement aimed at companies profiting from apartheid infrastructure.
- **Outcome:** Major corporations divested or dropped contracts; public discourse increasingly critical of apartheid economic complicity.
- **Relevance:** Exemplifies how persistent, decentralized campaigns can shift public norms and financial flows.



## Section IV. Strategies for 2025 Economic Resistance (North America)

**Purpose** To provide a region-specific operational framework for resisting economic repression in the United States and Canada during the critical period of 2025, marked by increasing legislative attacks on trans, immigrant, disabled, and Black communities. These strategies are designed for adaptability across geographies, skill levels, and organizational capacities offering high-impact tools for disrupting fascist economic infrastructure and reasserting community control.

### 1. Boycott & Divest

Systematic withdrawal of financial support from corporations, banks, and service providers complicit in funding, lobbying for, or profiting from authoritarian policies.

- **Execution:**
  - Use public records (e.g., OpenSecrets.org, FEC filings) to trace corporate donations to anti-LGBTQ+ or anti-democratic legislation.
  - Publicize boycott lists and develop browser extensions or mobile apps that flag unethical businesses.
  - Coordinate public divestment days or campaigns through union halls, student networks, or faith communities.
- **Targets:**
  - Fast food chains funding anti-trans PACs.
  - Financial institutions enabling border surveillance tech.
  - Delivery platforms union-busting or sharing worker data with law enforcement.

### 2. Reinvestment

Reallocation of capital into decentralized, justice-oriented economic institutions.

- **Execution:**
  - Open checking/savings accounts at community development credit unions.
  - Purchase goods/services through Black- and Indigenous-owned directories.
  - Develop local “solidarity loan” structures for emergency housing or bail funds.
  - Build shareable spreadsheets or zines with local businesses committed to trans safety.
- **Infrastructure Support:**
  - Establish local economic roundtables to coordinate bulk purchasing, pooled capital, or cooperative investment.



- Use community currencies to amplify economic circulation within oppressed communities.

### 3. Financial Privacy Tools

Technologies and practices that protect individuals from economic surveillance and financial profiling.

- **Tools:**

- Monero, Zcash, and Lightning-enabled Bitcoin wallets.
- Offline password managers and encrypted backup systems.
- Peer-to-peer hardware wallets and air-gapped financial tools.

- **Practices:**

- Avoiding fintechs requiring real ID or biometric login.
- Routing transactions through anonymizing layers like Tor or i2p.
- Hosting in-person teach-ins or webinars on privacy hygiene.

### 4. Labor Disruption and Withdrawal

Targeted economic pressure through the collective withholding of labor in sectors essential to governance, enforcement, or public stability.

- **Sectors to Prioritize:**

- Transportation (ports, trucking, airline support staff).
- Logistics (fulfillment centers, distribution warehouses).
- Healthcare (nurses, caseworkers, EMS).
- IT (municipal data systems, telecom).
- Education (public schools, universities).

- **Tactics:**

- Wildcat strikes, rolling callouts, sickouts, coordinated early retirements.
- Partnering with legal aid collectives for protection against retaliation.
- Leveraging digital communications for decentralized organizing (e.g., Signal, Matrix).

### 5. Barter, Timebanking, and Localized Exchange

Creation of non-cash exchange systems that increase community resilience and reduce dependence on hostile state or corporate economies.





- **Methods:**

- Neighborhood-level skill swaps (e.g., childcare for car repairs).
- Group creation of timebanks, managed via spreadsheets or decentralized apps.
- Hosting monthly barter fairs in church basements, parks, or co-op buildings.

- **Benefits:**

- Economic continuity in the face of layoffs or monetary restrictions.
- Strengthened interdependence and visibility of local talent/resources.
- Reinforcement of autonomy outside of state-monitored economies.

## 6. Digital Mutual Aid Infrastructure

Encrypted, trust-based networks for distributing material resources, safety information, and logistical coordination during repression or crisis.

- **Tools:**

- Matrix (with bridges to Signal, XMPP, or IRC).
- Briar (for offline-first communication in hostile environments).
- CryptPad, Standard Notes, and Riseup pads for anonymous collaboration.

- **Functions:**

- Emergency rent, grocery, or bail disbursement.
- Real-time alerts on raids, ICE sightings, or protest crackdowns.
- Secure scheduling for clinic visits, support actions, or shelter rotations.

- **Security Practices:**

- Mutual vetting and invite-only participation.
- Layered encryption, zero-knowledge document sharing.
- Peer review of shared information to avoid misinformation.

## 7. Disrupting Corporate Surveillance Ecosystems

Tactical refusal to feed data-mining infrastructures with behavioral input, and the redirection of digital presence to neutral or oppositional ends.

- **Techniques:**

- Use of browser extensions to spoof ad tracking (e.g., uBlock Origin, Privacy Badger, CanvasBlocker).



- Regular wiping of online presence footprints (cookies, logins, social media profiles).
- Creation of “noise” by running dummy searches, visiting false geolocation services, or flooding algorithmic models with junk data.
- **Collective Practices:**
  - Shared VPN group buys for affordable anonymity.
  - Teaching schoolchildren or elder basic cybersecurity as intergenerational defense.
  - Refusing to install surveillance-based smart home tech, wearable trackers, or proprietary biometric apps.



## Section V. Risk Mitigation and Legal Considerations

**Purpose** To outline robust, context-specific protocols for minimizing risk and shielding individuals and communities engaged in economic resistance. In an era of escalated corporate-state surveillance, prosecutorial overreach, and targeted repression, this section serves as both a strategic field manual and a living infrastructure of self-defense. Legal literacy and operational security are not supplemental, they are integral to sustained, effective resistance.

From mutual aid to decentralized finance, every act of defiance leaves a trace. It is our task to ensure those traces do not become vulnerabilities. Risk mitigation is about protecting the movement, honoring those at the margins, and future-proofing liberation.

### 1. Monitor Legal Shifts

A continual process of tracking, interpreting, and responding to changes in legal environments that criminalize resistance or economic autonomy.

- Focus Areas:
  - Anti-boycott and anti-protest funding laws (e.g., legislation mimicking BDS bans, but targeting queer, trans, or climate activists).
  - Classification of mutual aid as material support for terrorism.
  - Bills restricting the use of cryptocurrencies, encryption, or digital anonymity tools.
  - Preemptive protest bans, loitering ordinances, and facial recognition-based exclusion zones.
- Tools and Practices:
  - Daily or weekly monitoring of state legislative trackers (e.g., LegiScan, BillTrack50).
  - Establishing internal alert systems for proposed laws in your region.
  - Partnering with movement lawyers, law students, or civil liberties watchdogs.
  - Sharing updates in secure group channels with plain-language breakdowns.
- Advanced Tactics:
  - Filing public records requests to uncover coordination between lawmakers and corporate actors.
  - Archiving historical protest prosecutions to prepare proactive defense kits.
  - Supporting or developing legislative watchdog dashboards for marginalized communities.



- Goal: Stay informed, prepared, and ahead of legal reclassifications that seek to undermine autonomy or criminalize dissent.

## 2. Protect Communications

Comprehensive safeguarding of verbal, written, and digital exchanges to avoid surveillance, infiltration, or capture.

- Recommended Platforms:
  - Signal and Session for mobile messaging.
  - Element (Matrix) with independently hosted servers for decentralized organizing.
  - Briar for peer-to-peer comms that require no central server and work offline.
  - Tails OS and Qubes OS for high-anonymity, disposable computing environments.
- Best Practices:
  - Implement "need to know" models of information sharing.
  - Never mix casual or public-facing identities with resistance organizing.
  - Regularly audit communication logs, message retention settings, and device permissions.
  - Use disappearing messages and pad-based pre-written codes during high-risk ops.
- Physical Protocols:
  - Keep communications analog during raids or surveillance-intensive actions.
  - Use notecards, zines, or drop points for ultra-sensitive conversations.
- Goal: Keep intentions and information safe from surveillance capitalism and political prosecution.

## 3. Operational Security (OpSec)

A living discipline that governs how information is compartmentalized, identities are protected, and actions are planned with minimal exposure.

- Physical OpSec:
  - Use burner clothing and masks in environments with biometric or CCTV surveillance.
  - Do not attend two linked actions wearing the same gear.
  - Avoid identifiable tattoos or accessories in footage-prone areas.



- **Digital OpSec:**
  - Maintain role-specific devices and logins (e.g., fundraising, logistics, external comms).
  - Train organizers in secure mobile use, including anti-forensics tools (e.g., GrapheneOS, F-Droid apps).
  - Use cold wallets and burner devices for crypto fundraising.
- **Community Norms:**
  - Normalize safety culture through ongoing reminders, training, and peer accountability.
  - Vet new participants gently but thoroughly, including digital footprint audits and values alignment.
- **Goal:** Minimize collective risk through hardened personal practice and distributed operational design.

#### 4. Data Hygiene

Active strategies to control the generation, access, storage, and deletion of data that could be used to identify, criminalize, or compromise participants.

- **Storage Security:**
  - Encrypt all drives, not just files (use full-disk encryption on both phones and laptops).
  - Store sensitive docs in redundant formats (e.g., encrypted USB + hidden folder on offline laptop).
  - Employ air-gapped backups and secure QR-code-based transfer methods.
- **Content Redaction:**
  - Strip metadata from PDFs, images, and spreadsheets before sharing.
  - Use tools like MAT2, ExifTool, or manual editing to sanitize media.
  - Run shared images through face blurring tools (e.g., Signal, ObscuraCam).
- **Lifecycle Management:**
  - Automate deletion of old chats, videos, or logs using secure eraser tools.
  - Securely destroy expired credentials, rosters, or budget sheets using shredders or encryption wipes.
- **Goal:** Protect memory, remove digital trails, and ensure archives don't become evidence.



## 5. Distributed Decision-Making

The design and implementation of governance systems that share power, reduce centralization, and enhance survivability in case of state repression or internal collapse.

- Structures:
  - Rotating facilitation roles to prevent burnout and power accumulation.
  - Modular cells or clusters of autonomy united by shared values or protocols.
  - Conflict mediation teams to handle internal disputes before state actors can exploit them.
- Decision-Making Tools:
  - Secure digital consensus platforms (e.g., Loomio, Decidim).
  - In-person consensus-building tools like sociocracy or anarchist facilitation models.
  - Use of digital “blackboards” (e.g., CryptPad, Etherpad) for collaborative draft proposals.
- Information Resilience:
  - Print important instructions, protocols, or values documents such as physical zines or binders.
  - Store organizing blueprints with trusted out-of-region allies for recovery.
- Goal: Build structures that do not collapse if a single organizer disappears, is arrested, or compromised.



## Section VI. Parallel Economies as Long-Term Resistance Infrastructure

**Purpose** To lay the foundation for sustained autonomy beyond temporary resistance, this section focuses on the necessity and architecture of permanent economic alternatives to state-dependent systems. Parallel economies are more than a fallback, they are the cornerstone of liberated futures and living frameworks for post-capitalist, post-authoritarian survival.

Authoritarianism thrives on dependency, on the enforced reliance of individuals and communities on centralized supply chains, surveillance-linked employment, predatory housing markets, and government-controlled welfare mechanisms. In the face of rising technofascism and regulatory aggression, the creation of parallel economies becomes both a lifeline and a weapon. These are ecosystems of trade, labor, production, care, and cultural reproduction that are decentralized, community-rooted, border-flexible, and designed to withstand systemic shocks.

They offer long-term sustainability, not only through economic independence, but also by rebuilding trust, rekindling ancestral knowledge, and replacing extractive economic logics with interdependence and reciprocity.

### 1. Community-Led Agricultural Networks:

- Expand beyond basic gardening initiatives into structured food sovereignty campaigns that include rooftop farming, aquaponics systems, seed-saving guilds, heritage crop preservation, mobile greenhouses, and Indigenous land stewardship coalitions.
- Food security underwrites all other forms of resistance. Relational agriculture breaks dependency on industrial agriculture and builds hyperlocal resilience networks.

### 2. Liberatory Labor Collectives:

- Worker-owned cooperatives, federated trade associations, nomadic craft guilds, care economy pods, and open-union assemblies. Implement portable benefit pools and guaranteed access to mental health support.
- These collectives decentralize employment power, challenge exploitative wage hierarchies, and foster labor relations rooted in consent and mutual support. They are especially critical for marginalized groups excluded from formal labor markets.

### 3. Digital Trade Ecosystems:

- Construct secure and privacy-respecting digital infrastructures for decentralized trade, bartering, and labor matchmaking. Utilize federated software (e.g., ActivityPub), encrypted group chats, and pseudonymous gig networks.
- Tech liberation must be grounded in ethics: prioritize low-bandwidth access, inclusive UX design, and platform ownership by marginalized users.

### 4. Community Credit and Currency Systems:



- Localized, peer-governed financial tools such as mutual credit systems, rotating savings groups, timebanks, solidarity tokens, and cryptocurrencies pegged to food/labor outputs rather than speculative markets.
- These systems reorient economic value toward usefulness and contribution instead of extraction. They insulate communities from inflation, centralized seizure, and manipulation by hostile political actors.

## 5. Collective Resource Ownership:

- Long-term resistance requires control of land, tools, shelter, and infrastructure. Establish and maintain community land trusts, tool lending libraries, shared medical and maker equipment pools, decentralized mesh networks, and cooperative housing systems.
- These are the building blocks of economic sovereignty, resource-sharing ensures survivability, especially in disaster-prone or criminalized zones.

## 6. Cultural and Emotional Economies:

- Value systems are economic systems. Establish networks for community healing, peer therapy, artistic production, spiritual practice, and child/elder care that function independently from the market.
- These spaces act as both buffer and incubator: trauma-informed economies create generational continuity and reinforce the emotional capacity needed to engage in prolonged resistance.

## Notes:

- **Decolonize First** Learn from indigenous and black mutual aid economies. Don't replicate settler or white supremacist frameworks with new vocabulary.
- **Build in Redundancy** Ensure that each parallel economy node can function independently if others are disrupted.
- **Practice Scalability** Use modular structures that can grow or shrink as needed, avoiding central points of failure.
- **Prioritize Political Education** Each node of the economy should also be a site for consciousness-raising, skill exchange, and critical reflection.
- **Govern Collectively** Employ trust-based or rotational leadership systems (e.g., sociocracy, consent-based council systems). Design from the start with accountability and adaptability in mind.





## Section VII. Supply Chain Disruption Tactics

**Purpose** To outline scalable, nonviolent economic sabotage tactics targeting the arteries of authoritarian power: the logistics networks, supply systems, and material pipelines that underpin militarized and corporate control.

Modern authoritarianism depends not only on ideology, but on infrastructure specifically, just-in-time supply chains, digital procurement systems, and geographically concentrated hubs of logistics. Disrupting these critical paths intelligently and ethically can cause measurable operational delays, increased costs, and political pressure without requiring mass mobilization or high-risk confrontation.

This section outlines both physical and digital disruption strategies that individuals or autonomous cells can execute in decentralized fashion.

### 1. Physical Supply Chain Disruptions

#### A. Port Slowdowns and Interventions

- Tactics: Deliberate overloading of port intake schedules, obstruction of shipping container unloading, support of wildcat labor slowdowns.
- Targets: Major maritime nodes (e.g., Port of LA, Port of Houston).
- Impact: Delayed international goods, backlog of critical imports, raised costs for state-aligned corporations.

#### B. Warehouse Blockades and Occupations

- Tactics: Human chains, vehicle immobilization, or temporary occupation of high-volume distribution centers.
- Targets: Facilities tied to state contracts or hostile political funding (e.g., Amazon fulfillment centers in red states).
- Impact: Inventory misalignment, loss of next-day delivery capabilities, disruption of surveillance equipment distribution.

#### C. Urban Traffic Interruption

- Tactics: Vehicle-based disruption of freight corridors, truck convoys in slow lanes, coordinated pedestrian "accidental" street stand-ins.
- Targets: Last-mile delivery chokepoints, freeway interchanges, or tunnels.
- Impact: Delivery inefficiency, missed SLA thresholds, increased cost per mile for high-volume carriers.

#### D. Localized Sabotage (Nonviolent, Legal-Aware)



- Tactics: Legal but obstructive methods such as overwhelming call-in lines to shipping terminals, strategically placed construction-style signage, or coordinated customer cancellations.
- Impact: Micro-delay aggregation, plausible deniability, surveillance-resilient action.

## 2. Digital Disruption Tactics

### A. ERP System Saturation

- Tactics: Flooding e-procurement portals with fake POs (purchase orders), exploiting open RFQs (requests for quotes), or uploading junk data into undersecured vendor portals.
- Targets: SAP-based, Oracle, or Microsoft Dynamics procurement systems.
- Impact: Internal confusion, processing backlogs, risk-flagging by compliance teams.

### B. Mass Quote Requests & Speculative Order Campaigns

- Tactics: Use bots or crowd-sourced actors to request thousands of non-binding industrial quotes (especially in defense or telecom sectors).
- Targets: Surveillance hardware vendors, prison tech contractors.
- Impact: Vendor system overload, inflated forecasting errors, internal panic about unknown market pressure.

### C. Digital Chaff and Procurement Misdirection

- Tactics: Uploading spoofed product listings, fake supplier credentials, or fake RFIs (Requests for Information) to open marketplaces or vendor review platforms.
- Impact: Noise pollution in procurement channels, lowered efficiency of keyword-driven ordering systems.

### D. B2B Trust Erosion Campaigns

- Tactics: Exposing ties between logistics companies and repressive governments using public records, leaking internal supplier lists to journalists, or targeting trade shows with protest data drops.
- Impact: Damaged business reputations, contract cancellations, regulatory scrutiny.

## 3. Historical Case Studies and Precedents

- 1999 Seattle WTO Protests: Physical disruption of conference logistics and port movement, preventing elite economic negotiation.



- French Gilets Jaunes (2018–2020): Rural blockades of oil depots and road arteries caused fuel shortages and logistical re-planning.
- 2022 Freedom Convoy (Canada): Despite ideological opposition to their aims, the methods demonstrated the power of distributed traffic-based disruption. Lessons should be studied and reversed for liberatory movements.
- India Farmers' Protests (2020–2021): Road, rail, and procurement route occupations applied massive pressure on state logistics.

#### **4. Implementation Guidance**

- Security First: Always assess surveillance risk. Use burner devices, do not discuss plans over open platforms.
- Decentralization: No single leader. Adopt cell structures, signal-based communications, and post-action dispersal protocols.
- Legal Awareness: Focus on disruption without destruction. Many high-impact tactics remain within civil disobedience thresholds.
- Documentation: Archive results and lessons learned. Share models for replication.



## Section VIII. Defensive Economic Structures

**Purpose** To provide detailed blueprints for designing autonomous, decentralized economic infrastructures that can withstand collapse, repression, and surveillance. These structures are not just fallback systems, they are the economic immune system of resistance movements and liberated communities.

As economic warfare intensifies, targeted communities particularly trans, disabled, undocumented, and racialized people must prepare for systemic exclusion from formal financial systems. Whether due to legal disenfranchisement, asset freezing, doxxing, or infrastructural collapse, defensive economic structures are the countermeasure: parallel systems designed to secure access to resources, facilitate internal exchange, and protect community autonomy in hostile conditions.

### 1. Community Currencies and Scrip

Localized, non-state mediums of exchange (physical or digital) used within a defined community to facilitate trade and preserve economic continuity.

- Forms: Paper scrip, printed tokens, NFC-enabled wristbands, blockchain-based localcoins.
- Value Pegs: Time (e.g. labor hour), goods (e.g. 1 loaf of bread), trust-based consensus (e.g. points or favors).
- Use Cases: Neighborhood markets, mutual aid networks, disaster zones, LGBTQ+ shelters.
- Examples: Ithaca HOURS (New York), BerkShares (Massachusetts), RES (Belgium).
- Benefits: Mitigates inflation shocks, avoids external taxation, reinforces local resilience.
- Risks: Counterfeiting, legal ambiguity (especially if perceived as currency competition), limited liquidity.

### 2. Redundant Communication Systems for Barter and Coordination

Backup communication infrastructure that enables decentralized market function when traditional platforms are surveilled, shut down, or censored.

- Offline Tools: CB radio, mesh networks (e.g. goTenna, meshtastic), USB drops, bulletin boards, zine networks.
- Digital Tools: Encrypted forums (Matrix, Briar), peer-to-peer apps (Session, Jami), dead-drop email systems.
- Operational Use: Scheduling markets, updating barter boards, signaling resource availability.
- Resilience Features: Power redundancy (solar + battery), anonymity, low bandwidth requirements.



### 3. Shadow Accounting and Ledger Systems

Discreet, locally held methods for tracking value, debts, labor, and credit without exposure to centralized financial scrutiny.

- Formats: Paper ledgers, spreadsheet mirrors, encrypted digital vaults, analog tokens.
- Privacy Tools: Pseudonym registries, steganographic notation, manual cipher systems.
- Governance Models: Rotating treasuries, consent-based audit groups, quorum accounting.
- Examples: Timebanks in Argentina post-2001, undocumented labor pools in border towns.
- Risks: Discovery by hostile actors, trust breakdowns, data loss.
- Mitigations: Use of redundancy, sharded records, air-gapped backups, secret-keeper rotation.

### 4. Federated Cooperative Federations

Decentralized networks of cooperatives, mutual aid groups, or autonomous worker nodes that federate through shared values and protocols, not top-down control.

- Structure: Horizontal governance + local autonomy + mutual defense/aid pacts.
- Tools: Distributed ledger tech for coordination (NOT surveillance), solidarity currencies, inter-coop credit.
- Examples: Platform cooperativism projects (e.g. CoopCycle, Fairbnb), Zapatista and Kurdish communal economies.
- Benefits: Scale without hierarchy, local adaptability, antifragile to targeted repression.
- Best Practices: Shared principles charter, conflict resolution pathways, embedded tech security.

### 5. Integration with Survival Infrastructure

Defensive economies don't live in isolation. They must interlink with physical security (housing, mobility, medics), cultural practice (language, art, ritual), and legal protection (jail support, safe houses).

- Case Use: A trans housing co-op using barter credit and encrypted scheduling to rotate supplies while evading landlord surveillance.
- Toolkits Needed: Off-grid payment options, paper wallet generators, pseudonymous reputation systems.
- Strategic Vision: Economies that don't just resist but heal, grow, and remember.



## Section IX. Sanctioning the State from Below

**Purpose** To flip the geopolitical script by equipping communities with tools to impose economic, reputational, and legal consequences on regimes and jurisdictions that weaponize governance against marginalized populations. This is a strategy of *counter-sanctions* grassroots-led pressure campaigns designed to isolate and penalize oppressive actors through sustained economic disengagement and public exposure.

Rather than remain passive targets of legislative violence or economic exclusion, communities can actively disrupt the material incentives that underpin authoritarian behavior. These actions reframe the community from victim to enforcer, leveraging collective refusal, shame, and withdrawal to damage the legitimacy and profitability of repressive systems.

### 1. International Advocacy and Boycott Campaigns

Coordinated efforts to pressure international institutions, consumers, and states to cut ties with jurisdictions or companies enabling repression.

- Focus Areas:
  - Red-state agribusiness exports (e.g., beef, poultry, cotton, citrus).
  - University partnerships and study-abroad programs in states enforcing anti-trans laws.
  - Tourism boycotts targeting hostile states and cities (e.g., conventions, festivals, sports events).
- Execution Strategies:
  - Develop press kits, partner with diaspora networks, use translation to globalize the issue.
  - Collaborate with foreign civil society groups to pressure home governments to issue travel advisories.
  - Target high-profile events to attract media attention and corporate embarrassment.
- Case Precedents:
  - BDS movement (Palestine).
  - Cultural boycotts of Apartheid South Africa.
  - NAACP travel advisories for Missouri and Florida.

### 2. Legal and Reputational Exposure of Complicit Companies

Publicly documenting, broadcasting, and challenging the relationships between corporations and anti-democratic policies, enforcement mechanisms, or political donations.



- **Tactics:**
  - FOIA requests and public records digging to uncover funding flows.
  - Crowdsourced data projects mapping corporate political donations.
  - Social media infographics naming and shaming CEOs, lobbyists, and contractors.
  - Strategic shareholder activism (proxy fights, ESG disruption).
- **Targets:**
  - Banks funding ICE or private prisons.
  - Chains enforcing anti-homeless architecture or bathroom bans.
  - Tech vendors supplying surveillance to red-state governments.
- **Risks and Countermeasures:**
  - Legal threats → operate via coalitions with pro bono legal support.
  - Doxxing risks → pseudonymous publications, secure publishing infrastructure.

### **3. Redirecting Capital and Business Away from Hostile Jurisdictions**

Steering investment, innovation, and market demand toward jurisdictions and communities that protect human rights—while depriving hostile states of commerce, tourism, and tax revenue.

- **Methods:**
  - Refuse to tour, book, or shop in states with anti-trans laws or vigilante policing statutes.
  - Guide startups and cooperatives to relocate HQs or distribution centers to safer zones.
  - Assist in employee relocation or remote work redesign to avoid red-state residency.
  - Create certified “Sanctuary Supply Chains” to assure ethical sourcing.
- **Tools:**
  - Verified ethical business directories.
  - Open-source relocation guides.
  - Taxation impact maps showing where state revenue flows from consumer spending.
- **Example Projects:**
  - “Trans Safe Workplaces” initiatives.
  - Digital nomad guides for queer safety.



- Exit-to-community campaigns helping businesses disinvest from hostile areas.

#### **4. Strategic Divestment from State-Level Funds and Pensions**

Encourage individuals, unions, and institutions to divest retirement, university endowment, or pension funds from state bonds and public funds that directly support repressive enforcement.

- How-To:
  - Launch campus campaigns demanding divestment from red-state treasuries.
  - Audit municipal investment portfolios for holdings in oppressive jurisdictions.
  - Partner with progressive financial advisors to reallocate funds to solidarity banks or climate-safe bonds.
- Impact:
  - Drains liquidity from state-led development projects.
  - Increases borrowing costs for hostile regimes.
  - Sends market signals about social volatility and long-term risk.





## Section X. Strategic Consumer Disruption

**Purpose** To transform everyday consumer behavior into a sophisticated tool of asymmetrical economic resistance against systems of oppression, by targeting profit margins, algorithmic forecasting, and supply chain efficiency. This section provides an expanded range of tactics that use disobedient purchasing, intentional friction, and collective withdrawal to disrupt profit logic and expose the vulnerability of consumption-driven economies.

In a hyper-financialized landscape where every swipe, click, and refund is turned into data, behavior becomes currency. Strategic consumer disruption aims to break the predictive models that enable capitalist exploitation and authoritarian corporate-state collusion. It is about weaponizing the customer identity to make participation costly, confusing, and unpredictable, turning convenience into chaos.

### 1. Disruption Through Returns, Refunds, and Warranty Exploits

**Method:** Leverage overly generous return, warranty, and replacement policies to drive internal inefficiency and revenue leakage.

- **Targets:** Retailers, electronics giants, large-scale e-commerce platforms, and consumer tech firms who donate to anti-trans legislation or fund law enforcement equipment contracts.
- **Tactics:**
  - Organize coordinated purchase-return cycles that mimic normal customer churn.
  - Stockpile goods during major sales, followed by organized reverse logistics strain (returns via post, drop-off centers, etc.).
  - Overwhelm refund bots and CSR lines with high-volume, ambiguous refund requests.
  - Force product write-offs by damaging packaging and exploiting policy loopholes.
- **Impacts:**
  - Returns processing delays, surge in fraud risk management costs.
  - Loss of inventory integrity.
  - Reputational damage from manipulated return abuse metrics shared in investor reports.

### 2. Flash Cart Abandonment and Conversion Rate Subversion

**Method:** Target e-commerce analytics with patterns of apparent interest that never materialize into profit.

- **Tactics:**



- Use mass coordination or browser automation to fill and abandon carts during key earnings periods.
  - Add hard-to-ship or high-margin items to carts en masse to create false demand profiles.
  - Deploy cross-device cart creation to inflate multi-channel confusion.
- Impact on Targets:
  - Degraded predictive accuracy in supply chain modeling.
  - Inflated marketing spend per acquisition.
  - False positives for promotional campaigns based on invalid cart data.

### 3. Reviews, Ratings, and Platform Trust Attacks

**Method:** Undermine corporate and product credibility by saturating public review systems with targeted protest messaging and reputation sabotage.

- Tactics:
  - Mobilize rapid-response negative reviews during controversy spikes (e.g., SCOTUS rulings, transphobic CEO statements).
  - Submit hundreds of low-star product reviews that cite political or ethical failures.
  - Embed external links in review text to boycott campaigns or investigative reporting.
  - Target search engine review aggregation with volume-based manipulation.
- Targets:
  - Healthcare chains refusing gender-affirming care.
  - Apps supporting biometric surveillance.
  - Service companies enforcing discriminatory dress or ID policies.
- Extended Impact:
  - App delisting.
  - PR crises.
  - In-app support bottlenecks.

### 4. Loyalty Program Sabotage and Reward System Exploitation



**Method:** Weaponize gamified consumer loyalty to flood backend systems with low-value activity and undermine behavioral prediction algorithms.

- Tactics:
  - Claim and stockpile loyalty rewards without redemption.
  - Share burner loyalty accounts publicly to create botnet-like activity.
  - Redeem rewards for high-shipping-cost or loss-leader products.
  - Perform coordinated point expiration sabotage just prior to fiscal quarters.
- Consequences for Targets:
  - Revenue deflation due to liability expansion.
  - Marketing analytics breakdowns.
  - Internal scrutiny of user churn and reward ROI.

## 5. Subscription Spoofing and Algorithmic Misdirection

**Method:** Skew the data that drives recurring revenue platforms to inflate costs, mislead investors, and confuse consumer profiling.

- Tactics:
  - Automate false subscription enrollments using rotating IPs and disposable emails.
  - Use VPNs and localization tools to confuse geographic data collection.
  - Spoof viewership on politically charged content to manipulate licensing forecasts.
  - Subscribe with multiple identities only to trigger refund protocols en masse.
- Targets:
  - Streaming platforms with right-wing ownership.
  - Subscription-based news aggregators with discriminatory coverage.
  - Payment apps sharing data with police.

## 6. Tactical Abstention, Product Blackouts, and Slow Consumption Campaigns

**Method:** Reframe non-participation as direct action. Systematically withhold consumer capital from oppressive systems while building viable alternatives.

- Execution:



- Coordinate calendar-based abstention campaigns (e.g., Trans Justice Blackout Weeks).
- Promote community-led “Buy Nothing Days” aligned with activist anniversaries or Supreme Court decision dates.
- Couple abstention with education, teach-ins, or storytelling from affected communities.
- Build repair hubs and donation pools to support abstainers.
- Secondary Effects:
  - Creates economic uncertainty in time-sensitive sectors (e.g., food delivery, fast fashion, digital ads).
  - Normalizes degrowth and anti-consumption culture.
  - Strengthens networks of reciprocal aid over market reliance.

## 7. Coordinated Platform Overload and User Experience Jamming

**Method:** Exploit user flows to flood corporate systems with low-value, confusing, or invalid interactions.

- Tactics:
  - Submit hundreds of help tickets citing obscure or absurd issues.
  - Use auto-refresh tools on livestreams to create illusion of massive traffic.
  - Simulate site usage with dummy inputs (e.g., fake survey completions, partial checkouts).
  - Launch UX feedback campaigns to trigger internal investigations into customer pain points.
- Impacts:
  - Ballooning of IT costs.
  - Loss of reliable A/B test results.
  - Team diversion from development to triage.



## Section XI. Cyber-Economic Resistance

**Purpose** To detail safe, effective, and decentralized strategies for disrupting authoritarian financial systems through digital action. Cyber-economic resistance merges information warfare, digital sabotage, and strategic amplification to degrade surveillance capitalism, expose economic collaborators, and arm communities with critical intelligence.

Unlike traditional cyberwarfare, this approach is not rooted in destruction or domination. Instead, it uses transparency, misinformation redirection, and platform manipulation to weaken oppressive actors while empowering grassroots organizing. The battlefield is informational, but the outcomes are material.

### 1. OSINT Campaigns Targeting Financial Complicity

Use of publicly accessible data to uncover and publish ties between corporations, donors, politicians, and regimes engaged in systemic oppression.

- **Targets:**
  - PAC donors funding anti-trans or carceral legislation.
  - Tech vendors supplying biometric tools to law enforcement.
  - Real estate developers backing displacement and gentrification.
- **Tools:**
  - OpenCorporates, LittleSis, FollowTheMoney.org.
  - SEC filings, 990 forms, local lobbying records.
  - Google Dorks and archive.org for discovering deleted materials.
- **Tactics:**
  - Dossier-building to link local businesses to national hate networks.
  - Interactive maps showing campaign financing or eviction funding trails.
  - Partnering with data journalism collectives for wide distribution.
- **Risks:**
  - Doxxing, defamation claims → mitigate with pseudonymity, verification layers.



## 2. Misdirection via Mirror Sites and Digital Decoys

Creation of false fronts and rerouting tools to confuse surveillance networks, waste authoritarian resources, or bait oppressive actors into revealing their infrastructure.

- Examples:
  - Fake e-commerce storefronts mimicking right-wing vendors to siphon traffic and monitor their target pipelines.
  - Cloned versions of corporate donation portals that trigger sandbox alerts.
  - Honeypot documents embedded with canary tokens to detect unauthorized tracking.
- Execution:
  - Host mirror content on offshore servers using privacy-forward registrars.
  - Monitor traffic patterns to identify infiltration attempts or state-sponsored browsing.
  - Seed decoys through internal forums or darknet whistleblower sites.
- Goals:
  - Dilute search engine visibility of actual state-aligned tools.
  - Map IP ranges and agent patterns for resistance counter-mapping.
  - Divert surveillance attention toward non-operational digital sandboxes.

## 3. Strategic Signal Boosting and Legal Disruption Content

Coordinated amplification of economic disobedience resources to undermine tax collection, over-regulate enforcement, and spread counter-capitalist praxis.

- Examples:
  - Anonymous republication of IRS resistance zines, eviction delay guides, and digital security manuals.
  - SEO optimization of phrases like “legal tax resistance tools,” “mutual aid accounting,” or “grey market ledger kits”.
  - Tactical flooding of forums with fact-checked leaks, off-the-record legal loopholes, and economic exposure databases.
- Platforms:
  - Fediverse instances, P2P filesharing, encrypted newsletters, Git repositories.
  - Fake review websites linking to boycott tools and trans-led credit unions.



- Meme networks seeded with QR codes to hidden how-to sites.
- Legal Considerations:
  - Use anonymous hosting, privacy coins, and decentralized IDs to maintain separation from origin accounts.
  - Distinguishing public legal education from calls to unlawful activity.

#### **4. Digital Interference with Economic Data Integrity**

Deploy tactics to manipulate, confuse, or saturate the data flows that corporations and governments use for economic forecasting and behavioral control.

- Methods:
  - Submit false entries to business listing databases, investor relations portals, or ESG surveys.
  - Obfuscate geolocation data on e-commerce trackers.
  - Launch campaigns that flood adtech firms with erratic user behavior data.
- Targets:
  - Credit scoring algorithms.
  - Predictive policing vendor data streams.
  - Loyalty point engagement analytics used to optimize extractive retail strategies.
- Tools:
  - AdNauseam, TrackMeNot, Tor Browser.
  - DIY botnets mimicking marginalized users with randomized financial behaviors.
- Outcome:
  - Break down data trustworthiness.
  - Force costly audits and system recalibration.
  - Generate panic among economic decision-makers reliant on stability modeling.



## 5. Movement Infrastructure Protection

Build resistance-ready digital infrastructure that cannot be compromised, bought, or sold.

- Practices:
  - Host financial organizing documents on encrypted, decentralized platforms (e.g., IPFS, CryptPad).
  - Avoid centralized crowdfunding sites for controversial campaigns; use multi-sign wallets or federated fundraising protocols.
  - Develop internal backups of mutual aid databases on offline encrypted drives.
- Redundancy Measures:
  - Maintain cloned websites, mirror spreadsheets, and PDF versions of all critical resistance documents.
  - Use dead-man switches to signal organizational compromise or emergency takedown.
- Cultural Defense:
  - Train organizers in basic cybersecurity and threat modeling.
  - Treat data defense as part of mutual care, not a specialist niche.





## Section XII. Cross-Movement Economic Solidarity

**Purpose** To develop infrastructure and practice for coordinated economic resistance that transcends identity silos and builds durable alliances among trans, immigrant, disabled, working-class, and other criminalized communities. This section outlines tactical pathways for material solidarity across difference, forging collective economic power through convergence, not competition.

True economic resistance must be intersectional, not just rhetorically but structurally. Shared struggle under capitalism and authoritarianism requires shared defense. When movements align economically—through mutual funding, asset redistribution, and synchronized disruption—they generate leverage far beyond what isolated campaigns can achieve.

### 1. Joint Funds and Inter-Movement Resource Pools

Financial structures that collectivize economic power across movements, enabling shared risk and flexible response.

- **Models:**
  - Umbrella bail and legal defense funds administered jointly by trans, abolitionist, and immigrant justice groups.
  - Solidarity grantmaking circles with representatives from different movements co-deciding on disbursements.
  - Crisis response funds that can pivot across racial justice, disability justice, and labor uprisings.
- **Best Practices:**
  - Use consensus or participatory budgeting for allocation.
  - Build in multilingual accessibility and digital anonymity options.
  - Cap administrative overhead and centralization of gatekeeping power.
- **Infrastructure Tools:**
  - Transparent ledgers (with pseudonymized entries) via Open Collective, Gnosis Safe, or community-controlled spreadsheets.
  - Crypto-to-cash conversion trees for rapid disbursement in criminalized areas.

### 2. Community Land Trusts and Co-Governed Assets

Shared ownership and stewardship of land, housing, and public-use infrastructure that prioritize impacted communities and movements.



- **Examples:**
  - Trans and disabled-led land trusts for mutual housing and regenerative farming.
  - Migrant-worker-owned urban land cooperatives insulated from speculative markets.
  - Movement resource commons: shared kitchen vans, safe meeting houses, or mobile medics hubs.
- **Co-Governance Features:**
  - Multi-stakeholder boards composed of tenants, workers, and mutual aid reps.
  - Rent forgiveness protocols for those in political crisis or undocumented status.
  - Equity returns policies that prevent asset capture by nonprofits or NGOs.
- **Support Strategies:**
  - Establish federated legal shells to pool liability and resist seizure.
  - Use land as collateral to secure emergency loans or hard-to-get funding for radical work.

### **3. Coalition-Wide Economic Campaigns and Calendar Actions**

Collective boycotts, divestment actions, and solidarity buying campaigns coordinated across movements and identities.

- **Types of Action:**
  - “Buy Nothing Days” in honor of intersectional uprisings (e.g., Trans Day of Remembrance + May Day fusion).
  - Coordinated contract cancellations from progressive unions targeting surveillance vendors.
  - Joint economic disruption during budget cycles (e.g., no work, no shopping, no compliance).
- **Organizing Tools:**
  - Digital calendars of economic resistance actions maintained by a cross-movement taskforce.
  - Encrypted email lists and signal loops that synchronize regional actions.
  - Storytelling toolkits to translate issues across movements—e.g., police funding as both a trans issue and a disability issue.



- **Amplification Tactics:**
  - Shared branding and graphic packages to maintain visibility.
  - Targeted PR campaigns to highlight intersectional victims of economic violence.
  - Hashtag coalitions to push consumer narrative framing (e.g., #StrikeForSurvival, #BankBlackTransSolidarity).

#### **4. Tactical Infrastructure for Interdependence**

Operational systems that embed mutual care, resource mobility, and economic coordination across movement lines.

- **Examples:**
  - Regional solidarity supply chains where one org handles food, another shelter, another fund.
  - Skill-exchange networks to match labor organizing expertise with disability justice logistics.
  - Movement-wide benefits: collective healthcare navigators, pooled legal aid, rotating security teams.
- **Long-Term Vision:**
  - Rebuild economic institutions that function across categories of marginalization without erasure.
  - Defend against divide-and-conquer tactics by presenting unified economic blocs.
  - Shift from reactive coalitions to pre-configured, interdependent networks prepared for escalation.



## Section XIII. Emergency Economic Triage

**Purpose** To prepare individuals and communities for rapid economic collapse, targeted financial repression, or coordinated fiscal shutdowns by state or corporate actors. Emergency economic triage focuses on quick-response, low-resource, and survivability-centered tactics that protect basic needs and keep resistance networks operational when conventional systems break down.

This section is not about rebuilding yet, it is about enduring. In moments of acute repression, bank freezes, currency devaluation, martial law, or targeted digital bans, resistance movements must move swiftly to preserve autonomy, retain access to resources, and minimize dependency on hostile infrastructure.

### 1. Asset Diversification for Collapse Preparedness

The strategic allocation of resources across multiple unlinked systems to ensure liquidity and mobility under emergency conditions.

- Tactics:
  - Store wealth in a mix of hard currency (cash), decentralized cryptocurrencies, barterable goods (e.g., medicine, food, fuel), and pre-paid or gift cards.
  - Split resources between physical and digital forms to reduce total loss.
  - Keep low-profile savings in off-grid or cooperative institutions rather than large banks.
- Redundancy Plan:
  - Ensure access to at least one form of exchange (cash, crypto, trade) even if others fail.
  - Maintain emergency stashes that are accessible during curfews, power outages, or movement restrictions.

### 2. Currency Independence and Offline Exchange

Establish and maintain systems of economic interaction that do not rely on centralized or state-sanctioned currency.

- Examples:
  - Community-created scrip or tokens.
  - Neighborhood barter networks with pre-agreed value charts.
  - Localized “no-cash needed” timebanks for immediate resource exchange.
- Infrastructure:
  - Distribute analog transaction ledgers and backup spreadsheets.



- Use shortwave radio, flyers, and zines to circulate exchange availability when phones or the internet are compromised.

### 3. Emergency Redistribution Protocols

Clear, rapid-response processes for moving supplies, funds, and shelter to those under immediate threat or resource cutoff.

- Structures:
  - Rapid-response solidarity funds with no application requirements.
  - Pre-arranged go-bags with cash, IDs, transit cards, and mutual aid maps.
  - Distribution roles embedded into mutual aid networks with training for triage prioritization (e.g., meds, housing, phones).
- Examples:
  - Trusted couriers moving insulin, hormones, or SIM cards across locked-down zones.
  - Flash grocery co-ops using cash-only bulk purchases when EBT is shut down.

### 4. Grey Market and Shadow Logistics

Use of semi-formal or underground channels to obtain critical goods and services during economic repression.

- Acceptable Risks:
  - Trade with politically neutral or sympathetic informal vendors.
  - Operate under “non-commercial” framing to avoid attention from state agents.
- Examples:
  - Burner SIM swaps for income-earners using banned apps (e.g., sex work, freelance platforms).
  - House-call barter networks for medicine, tech repair, and survival gear.
- Security Measures:
  - Route logistics using encrypted channels, rotating numbers, and trust-vouched intermediaries.

### 5. Psychological and Communal Support



Embed resilience by preparing for economic collapse not only materially, but socially and emotionally.

- Practices:
  - Normalize financial triage conversations in organizing spaces.
  - Hold regular emergency economy simulations or tabletop exercises.
  - Pair economic mutual aid with emotional first aid—address stress, scarcity trauma, and group cohesion.



## Section XIV. Parallel Economies as Long-Term Resistance Infrastructure

**Purpose** To lay the foundation for sustained autonomy beyond temporary resistance, this section focuses on the necessity and architecture of **permanent economic alternatives** to state-dependent systems. Parallel economies are more than a fallback, they are the cornerstone of liberated futures and living frameworks for post-capitalist, post-authoritarian survival.

Authoritarianism thrives on dependency, on the enforced reliance of individuals and communities on centralized supply chains, surveillance-linked employment, predatory housing markets, and government-controlled welfare mechanisms. In the face of rising techno-fascism and regulatory aggression, the creation of **parallel economies** becomes both a lifeline and a weapon. These are ecosystems of trade, labor, production, care, and cultural reproduction that are decentralized, community-rooted, border-flexible, and designed to withstand systemic shocks.

They offer long-term sustainability, not only through economic independence, but also by rebuilding trust, rekindling ancestral knowledge, and replacing extractive economic logics with interdependence and reciprocity.

### 1. Community-Led Agricultural Networks

- **Strategic Role:** Food security as economic sovereignty.
- **Models:** Rooftop farming cooperatives, mobile greenhouses, seed libraries, composting collectives.
- **Tactics:** Use heirloom and region-specific seeds; cultivate food-sharing protocols; hold seasonal skill exchanges.

### 2. Liberatory Labor Collectives

- **Strategic Role:** Dignified work without corporate dependency.
- **Models:** Worker-owned businesses, consent-based unions, radical care guilds, mobile trade cooperatives.
- **Tactics:** Federate by sector (tech, health, repair), share insurance and income pooling platforms, incubate movement-oriented entrepreneurship.

### 3. Digital Trade Ecosystems

- **Strategic Role:** Online economic autonomy immune to deplatforming.
- **Models:** Decentralized peer-to-peer commerce platforms, digital barter nodes, encrypted gig networks.
- **Tactics:** Leverage federated tech (e.g., ActivityPub), integrate privacy coins, and distribute trade via forums like Scuttlebutt, IPFS, or Tor.



#### 4. Community Credit and Currency Systems

- **Strategic Role:** Local value resilience in volatile or collapsing economies.
- **Models:** Timebanks, solidarity tokens, mutual credit ledgers, local cryptographic currencies.
- **Tactics:** Establish trust-based credit scoring, rotate ledger stewards, and insulate economic systems from inflation or legal seizure.

#### 5. Collective Resource Ownership

- **Strategic Role:** Decommodified survival infrastructure.
- **Models:** Community land trusts, equipment libraries, autonomous internet co-ops, mobile energy carts.
- **Tactics:** Pool insurance, acquire through donation and squat-to-own strategies, and prevent corporate reabsorption through nested trusts.

#### 6. Cultural and Emotional Economies

- **Strategic Role:** Sustain identity, dignity, and communal strength.
- **Models:** Ritual collectives, grief circles, art and story guilds, queer-led child and elder care cooperatives.
- **Tactics:** Allocate economic value to emotional labor, include rest as work in economic models, prioritize intergenerational transmission of survival knowledge.

#### Principles:

- **Decolonize First:** Avoid replicating colonial, capitalist hierarchies within parallel spaces. Uplift Indigenous, Black, and disabled frameworks of economy.
- **Design for Redundancy:** Every node should be able to stand alone, scale, or reconnect without disruption.
- **Build Political Literacy:** Embed learning in every system, teach while growing food, printing scrip, building software.
- **Govern Horizontally:** Distribute power and include built-in conflict resolution frameworks.





## Section XV. Appendices

**Purpose** These appendices provide ready-to-deploy resources to support the practical, legal, and logistical dimensions of economic resistance. They are designed to be modular, customizable, and reproducible under both normal and emergency conditions. Whether building a local resistance cell or launching a coordinated campaign, these tools enable frontline adaptation and long-term survivability.

### A. Resistance Tools Directory

Categories and Selected Tools:

- Privacy Wallets & Crypto Tools:
  - *Monero, Zcash, Wasabi Wallet, Electrum (with Tor).*
  - *Tails OS* for anonymous financial access.
- Secure Communication & Mobile Tools:
  - *GrapheneOS* phones, *CalyxOS, Briar, Session, Silence, Jami.*
  - *USBKill, Faraday bags,* and kill-switch chargers for field security.
- Dissident Fintech Platforms:
  - *Open Collective* (pseudonymous fundraising), *Gnosis Safe* (multisig), *Kolectivo, MICO.*
- Barter & Exchange Networks:
  - *TimeRepublik, FairCoin, Mutual Aid Pods* (Signal-based).
  - Local instance creation tools: *barter.exchange, Community Forge.*
- Publishing & Visibility:
  - *CryptPad, AnonFiles, ZineOS, Tor Blogs* with offline printable PDFs.

### B. Corporate Redlists

Note: This living list includes companies with direct financial, material, or technological support to repressive regimes, carceral expansion, anti-trans legislation, or surveillance tech.

- Categories:
  - *Financial Institutions:* Wells Fargo, JPMorgan Chase (private prison funding, redlining).
  - *Big Tech:* Amazon (Palantir contracts, ICE logistics), Meta (surveillance platform), Oracle (law enforcement tools).



- *Retail & Services:* Chick-fil-A (anti-LGBTQ+ funding), Hobby Lobby (religious legal lobbying).
- *Energy & Logistics:* ExxonMobil, Enbridge (pipeline repression), FedEx (state surveillance cooperation).
- **Tactics for Engagement:**
  - Launch boycott campaigns with accessible toolkits.
  - Flood review systems and investor calls with public criticism.
  - Refuse workplace contracts or procurement partnerships.

## C. Legal Templates

Disclaimer: These templates are offered for educational use and must be adapted with legal counsel. Each is designed to assert economic autonomy while minimizing personal risk.

- **Divestment Notice Letter (for employees, students, or tenants):**

I am requesting the withdrawal of my personal/institutional funds from [Institution] due to its association with [Target Entity], which is complicit in [brief ethical/political grounds].

- **Workplace Refusal Statement:**

I cannot, in good conscience, participate in work that directly supports [e.g., surveillance systems, law enforcement contracts]. I request reassignment or accommodation in accordance with conscience protections under [state/federal law].

- **Safe Exit Letter (Voluntary Resignation):**

Due to the incompatibility between my values and [Company]'s political affiliations and donations, I am resigning effective [date]. I will not sign NDAs that limit my ability to speak out against transphobia, racism, or political retaliation.

## D. Rapid-Response Protocols

These checklists provide immediate action steps in situations of collapse, repression, or state retaliation.

### 1. Digital Wipe Checklist

- Remove SIM, destroy biometric identifiers.
- Boot from Tails, wipe drive with BleachBit or dd.
- Log out of all cloud-linked accounts.



- Remove browser history, downloads, saved passwords.
- Factory reset + overwrite.

## 2. Fund Evacuation Plan

- Distribute funds across wallets (cold storage + remote digital wallet).
- Convert into physical cash, crypto gift cards, or barterable goods.
- Set up multi-sig transactions with trusted peers.

## 3. Safe House Relocation Prep

- Pre-stocked go-bag: meds, IDs (real/fake), phone, SIM, flash drive, map, clothes.
- Alternate routes & rendezvous points.
- Secure location database with encrypted access.
- Establish burner phones for contact only upon arrival.



## Section XVI. Legal Disclaimer

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